

Haematuria

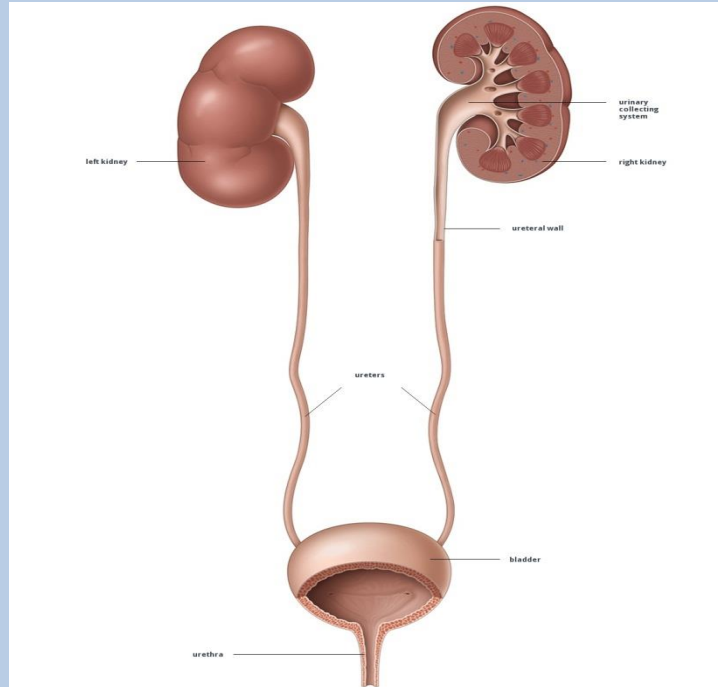
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27th May 2016

Causes – When to suspect Cancer



Investigations

- MSU
- Cystoscopy
- CT or U/S
- +/- Cytology

NICE Guidelines – Appointment within 2 weeks

- When should I refer a person with suspected bladder cancer?
- When should I refer a person with suspected renal cancer?

Suspected Bladder Cancer

- Aged 45 and over and have:
 - Unexplained visible haematuria without urinary tract infection or
 - Visible haematuria that persists or recurs after successful treatment of urinary tract infection, or
- Aged 60 and over and have unexplained non-visible haematuria and either dysuria or a raised white cell count on a blood test (new NICE recommendation for 2015).

Suspected Renal Cancer

- Refer people using a suspected cancer pathway referral (for an appointment within 2 weeks) for renal cancer if they are aged 45 and over and have:
 - Unexplained visible haematuria without urinary tract infection or
- Visible haematuria that persists or recurs after successful treatment of urinary tract infection (new NICE recommendation for 2015)

Haematuria with Proteinuria

- MSU
- U and E
- BP

- Renal review

Guidance and Evidence

- <http://cks.nice.org.uk/urological-cancers-recognition-and-referral#!scenario>

- Thank you

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PFLlfWOUX-8>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wwAe5HZvxYQ>